

Frontiers of Imaging Technology

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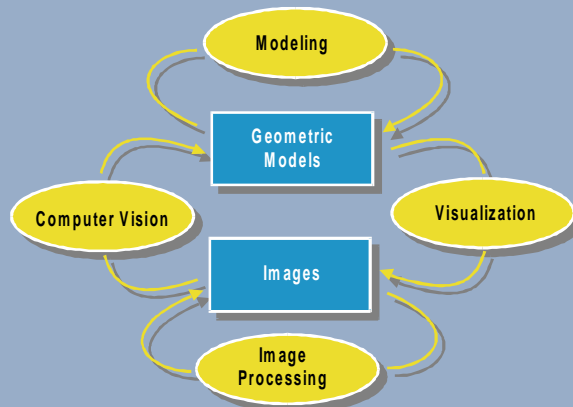
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Rio de Janeiro

www.visgraf.impa.br

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Computer Graphics

- From data to images
 - Many correlated areas



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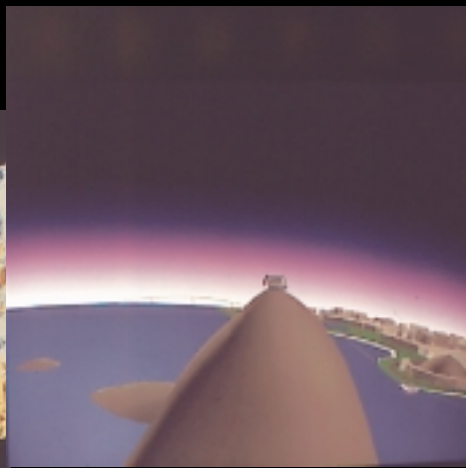
Visualization

- **Light, Camera, Simulation!**
- **Construct the scene**
 - Modeling the Geometry
- **Illuminate the scene**
 - Model the light sources
- **Photograph the scene**
 - Shading computation
 - Image generation

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Visualization

- **Motivation**
 - Photorealistic images



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Visualization

- **Applications**
 - Special Effects
 - Virtual Worlds
 - Movie industry
 - Television industry
 - Theme parks
 - Arcade games

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State of the art in plant modeling



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Some Math Notation

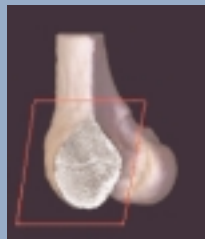
- **Spaces of Graphical Objects**
 - Space of images
 - Space of audio signals
 - Space of geometric models
 - etc.
- **Operators on Spaces of Graphical Objects**

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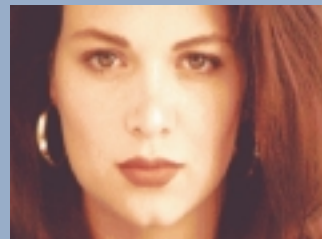
Graphical Objects



Surface



Volume



Image

- **Shape + Attributes**

$$f: U \subset \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$$

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Some Math Notation

- **Visualization**
 - $T: \{\text{geometric models}\} \longrightarrow \{\text{Images}\}$
- **Direct Problem**
 - Given T and X , compute $Y = TX$
- **T computation**
 - Camera position
 - scene geometry and attributes
 - Illumination information

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Computer Vision

- **Human Perception**
 - Eye: Captures the scene
 - Brain: Reconstructs the scene
- **Representation and reconstruction**

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Computer Vision

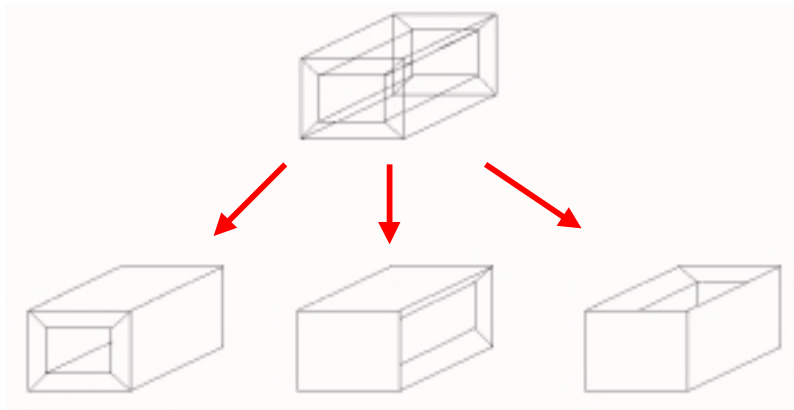
- **Ambiguity in the Reconstruction**



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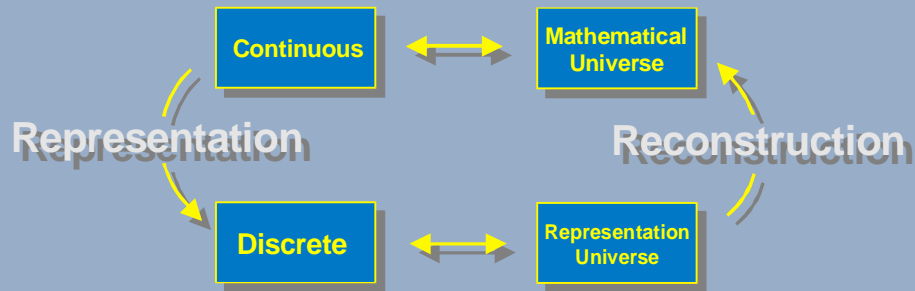
Ambiguous Reconstruction

- An example using geometric models



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Two important problems



- *How to represent a graphical object?*
- *How to reconstruct a graphical Object?*

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Computer Vision

- **Cognitive reconstruction**
 - Knowledge + Information
 - Intelligent reconstruction
- **Artificial intelligence**
- **Primary vision**
- **High level vision**

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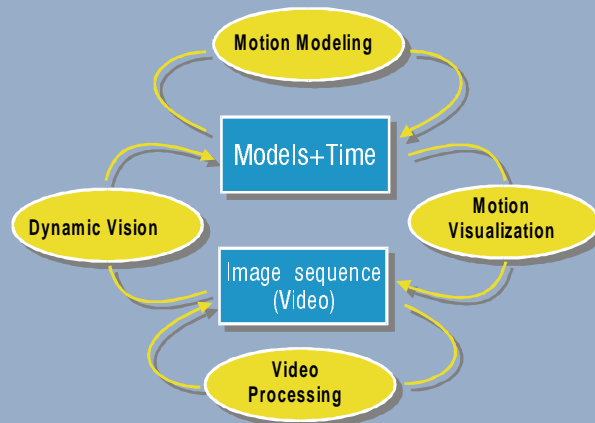
Some Math Notation

- **Computer Vision**
 - $T: \{\text{Images}\} \longrightarrow \{\text{Models}\}$
- **Inverse Problems**
 - Given Y and T , compute X from $Y = TX$
 - Given X and Y , compute T , from $Y = TX$
- **A simple example**
 - The virtual referee

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Computer Graphics

- **Enters the time...**



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Some Math Notation

- **Visualization**
 - Direct problem
 - $T: \{\text{Motion modeling}\} \longrightarrow \{\text{video}\}$
- **Computer Vision**
 - Inverse problems
 - $T: \{\text{Video}\} \longrightarrow \{\text{Motion models}\}$

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Computer Vision

- **Some Inverse Problems**
- **Recover Camera information**
 - Camera calibration
- **Recover Geometry**
- **Recover Motion**
- **Recover Illumination**

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Computer Graphics

- **The Human factor**
 - User interface
 - Perceptibility and semantics
 - Semiotics
 - Gestalt Psychology
 - Computer Vision
 - Interactivity
 - Immersibility

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The Human Factor

- **Interactivity**
 - Input and output devices
 - Haptic devices

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Computer Graphics

- **Immersibility**

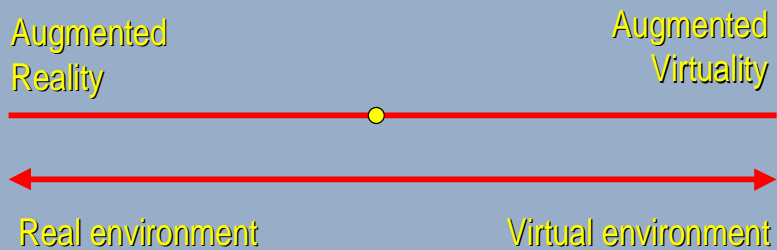
“I see a computer display as a window in Alice’s wonderland in which a programmer can depict either objects that obey well-known natural rules or purely imaginary objects that follow laws he has written into his program”

I. Sutherland, 1970, Scientific American

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Immersibility

- **Virtual reality x Real Virtuality**
- **Mixed reality**



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Real Virtuality

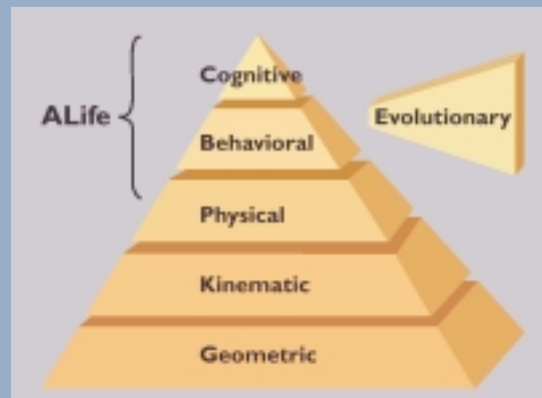


Scene from *101 Dalmatians* by Walt Disney

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Modeling meets Vision

- **Evolution of modeling paradigms**
 - From geometry to cognition



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Visualization Meets Vision

- **Classical visualization paradigm**
 - From models to image
 - Visualization = Models + Simulation
 - Direct problem
- **New visualization paradigm**
 - From Image to Models
 - Visualization = Samples + Reconstruction
 - Inverse problems